



SUMMARY OF NEW POLICIES TAKING EFFECT FROM JULY-AUGUST 2026 THAT BUSINESSES SHOULD NOTE

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Personal income tax: paying enterprises must update withholding and taxable benefits

PREVIOUSLY

Under the 2007 PIT Law and Circular 111/2013/TT-BTC:

- Mid-shift/lunch allowance was tax-exempt at the level set by MOLISA guidance (not fixed in the law).
- 10% withholding applied to payments of VND 2 million or more per instance to individuals with no labour contract or a contract under 3 months.
- No regulation yet requiring e-commerce platforms to withhold tax on behalf of individual sellers.

WHAT'S NEW · FROM 1 JULY 2026

- **VND 1.2 million/person/month:** Mid-shift and lunch allowances exceeding this level are counted as taxable income.
- **ESOP shares:** Bonus shares and ESOP shares: individuals must declare the origin and actual value received upon deposit.
- **Withholding by rate:** Payments to individuals with no labour contract or a contract under 3 months are withheld by rate; foreign workers are withheld immediately at the paying entity.
- **E-commerce platforms:** platforms with ordering and payment functions withhold tax on behalf of individual sellers.

Legal basis: Articles 3, 8 and withholding provisions — Decree 253/2026/ND-CP; PIT Law No. 109/2025/QH15 (compared with Circular 111/2013/TT-BTC)

Detailed guidance on the new PIT Law: family circumstance deductions, dependants, derivative securities

PREVIOUSLY

Under Circular 111/2013/TT-BTC:

- Guided the 2007 PIT Law (expired from 1 July 2026) on family circumstance deductions, dependants and taxable income items.

WHAT'S NEW · FROM 1 JULY 2026

- **Income threshold for determining dependants:** Specific guidance on the income level used as the basis for determining dependants eligible for family circumstance deductions.
- **Dependant documentation:** Clearly sets out the documents proving dependant status under Decree 253/2026/ND-CP.
- **Derivative securities:** Guidance on PIT for income from the transfer of derivative securities.

E-commerce: new obligations for platforms, livestreamers and foreign marketplaces

PREVIOUSLY

Under Decree 52/2013 and Decree 85/2021:

- E-commerce websites/apps were managed through registration and notification with the Ministry of Industry and Trade.
- No specific rules yet on display-algorithm transparency, livestream regulations, or a registration threshold for foreign marketplaces.

WHAT'S NEW · FROM 1 JULY 2026

- **Full disclosure of key ranking criteria:** Platforms using algorithms to prioritize display must disclose them (paid placement, transaction history, buyer ratings, etc.).
- **Electronic authentication ID:** Livestream selling: rules must be published; livestreamers must undergo electronic authentication ID verification.
- **24 hours:** Platforms must take down goods infringing IP rights or violating the law within 24 hours of receiving a request.
- **100,000 transactions/year:** Foreign platforms with Vietnamese-language content/.vn domains, or reaching 100,000 transactions/year with Vietnamese buyers, must register with the Ministry of Industry and Trade.

Legal basis: Articles 11, 12, 17, 31 — Decree 248/2026/ND-CP; E-commerce Law No. 122/2025/QH15 (replacing Decree 52/2013 and Decree 85/2021)

Sanctions for violations in postal, telecom, e-transactions and IT: new penalty framework, tighter online content rules

PREVIOUSLY

Under Decree 15/2020/ND-CP (amended multiple times):

- The old penalty framework covered postal services, telecommunications, radio frequencies, IT, network information security and e-transactions.

WHAT'S NEW · FROM 1 JULY 2026

- **Comprehensive new penalty framework:** Issues a new penalty framework for 5 fields: postal services, telecommunications, radio frequencies, e-transactions, IT — replacing Decree 15/2020/ND-CP.
- **Mandatory takedown of false content:** Remedial measures: mandatory removal of false or misleading information and infringing links; mandatory suspension of accounts, pages/community groups and content channels in violation.
- **Digital service enterprises:** Expanded scope of application: telecom/internet/gaming enterprises, information system operators, e-signature providers, civil cryptography enterprises, etc.

Compulsory construction works insurance: narrower scope, revised premiums and minimum sum insured

PREVIOUSLY

Under Decree 67/2023/ND-CP:

- Set out the scope, minimum sum insured and premium rates for compulsory construction works insurance under the original framework.

WHAT'S NEW · FROM 1 JULY 2026

- **3 groups of works:** Compulsory insurance now covers: works with major impact on public safety/interest; works posing environmental risk; and large-scale, technically complex works.
- **Minimum sum insured:** Equal to the full value of the completed works (materials, labour, installed equipment, freight, etc.); any change in project value must be notified to the insurer.
- **Premium adjustment up to 25%:** Insurers may adjust premiums based on risk level, up to 25% of the premium, subject to a clear appraisal process.

Accounting regime for micro-enterprises: new, more flexible guidance based on the tax payment method

PREVIOUSLY

Under Circular 132/2018/TT-BTC:

- Provided a separate accounting regime for micro-enterprises under a fixed set of forms.

WHAT'S NEW · FROM 1 JULY 2026

- **Chief accountant no longer mandatory:** Micro-enterprises are not required to appoint a chief accountant; the person in charge of accounting may sign on their behalf on documents, ledgers and financial statements.
- **Based on the tax payment method:** Bookkeeping follows the applicable VAT/CIT payment method (percentage of revenue or another method); enterprises may opt to apply the SME accounting regime if more suitable.
- **Self-designed forms:** Enterprises may add to or modify accounting document and ledger forms to suit actual needs, provided they are applied consistently within the fiscal year.
- **E-invoices supporting tax determination:** If e-invoices are used and the tax authority's system supports determining tax payable, that data may be used in place of part of the ledgers.

Legal basis: Articles 1, 3, 4 — Circular 58/2026/TT-BTC (replacing Circular 132/2018/TT-BTC)

Civil judgment enforcement: detailed guidance on request procedures, representation and deadlines - relevant to debt recovery

PREVIOUSLY

Before 1 July 2026: governed by the (amended) Law on Civil Judgment Enforcement and older guiding documents; no detailed decree yet for Civil Judgment Enforcement Law No. 106/2025/QH15.

WHAT'S NEW · FROM 1 JULY 2026

- **Requests via electronic means:** The enforcement request date is the date it is successfully sent by electronic means, or the date the enforcement agency receives the application.
- **Representatives:** Clearly defines legal or authorized representatives of the parties in civil judgment enforcement, who may be an individual or a legal entity.
- **Objective obstacles:** Guidance on cases treated as objective obstacles or states of emergency when calculating the deadline for requesting enforcement.

Base salary and pension adjusted from 1 July 2026 (public sector, retirees)

PREVIOUSLY

Under Decree 73/2024 and Decree 75/2024:

- Base salary: VND 2,340,000/month (from 1 July 2024).
- Pensions and social insurance allowances: increased by 15% from 1 July 2024.

WHAT'S NEW · FROM 1 JULY 2026

- **VND 2,530,000/month:** New base salary level applicable to cadres, civil servants, public employees and the armed forces.
- **Increase of 8%:** Pensions, social insurance allowances and monthly allowances increase by 8%; the lowest levels are raised to a floor of VND 3.5–3.8 million/month.

Legal basis: Article 3, Decree 161/2026/ND-CP; Article 2, Decree 162/2026/ND-CP (compared with Decree 73/2024 and Decree 75/2024)

Enterprise registration: tighter genuine capital contribution rules, revised dissolution and business suspension procedures

PREVIOUSLY

Under Decree 168/2025/ND-CP (effective 1 July 2025):

- Regulated the declaration of enterprise registration, dissolution and business suspension dossiers under the original framework - no amendments for the subsequent period.

WHAT'S NEW · FROM 23 JULY 2026

- **No nominee capital contribution:** Owners, shareholders and members must fully comply with capital contribution asset regulations, and may not stand in for another person's name to contribute capital to an enterprise.
- **Revised dissolution and suspension procedures:** Amends the sequence for registering dissolution, notifying business suspension and registering household businesses.
- **Transitional provisions:** Dissolution/suspension dossiers filed before 23 July 2026 that have not yet been approved by the business registration authority will still be processed under the new regulations.

New Vietnam Product Classification System replacing Decision 43/2018

PREVIOUSLY

Vietnam Product Classification System under Decision 43/2018/QD-TTg.

WHAT'S NEW · FROM 14 AUGUST 2026

- **7 levels:** Issues a new Vietnam Product Classification System with a 7-level structure (22 level-1 to 1,785 level-6 groups).
- **Registration, product classification and statistics:** To be used uniformly for registration, product classification and statistical purposes.

Legal basis: Article 3 — Decision 32/2026/QD-TTg (replacing Decision 43/2018/QD-TTg)

List of high-risk AI systems: compliance obligations for enterprises

PREVIOUSLY

No Law on Artificial Intelligence and no list of high-risk AI systems existed yet.

WHAT'S NEW · FROM 15 AUGUST 2026

- **List of high-risk AI systems:** Issued for the first time, covering education, healthcare, banking, transportation, litigation, and ethnic-religious affairs.
- **Conformity assessment:** Providers and deployers must conduct conformity assessments and comply with obligations under the Law on Artificial Intelligence.
- **1 September 2027:** Systems already in operation have a transition roadmap: completion required by 1 September 2027 (healthcare, education, finance) or 1 March 2027 (other fields).

Bidding for investor selection: clearly defines which projects must go through bidding

PREVIOUSLY

Rules on investor selection were scattered across Decree 23/2024 and Decree 115/2024 (now replaced by Decree 274).

WHAT'S NEW · FROM 21 AUGUST 2026

- **Land-using projects:** Land-using projects falling under Article 126 of the Land Law must go through bidding for investor selection.
- **Solid waste treatment, water supply, markets, rest stops, new airports, electricity trading:** Infrastructure projects governed by sector-specific law.
- **From 2 investors onward:** Socialized education, healthcare, culture, sports, environment and apartment building renovation projects must go through bidding once 2 or more investors express interest.

Legal basis: Article 4 — Decree 274/2026/ND-CP (replacing Decree 23/2024 and Decree 115/2024)

Duty-free goods business: new legal framework replacing Decree 100/2020

PREVIOUSLY

Under Decree 100/2020 on the duty-free goods business.

- Note: online duty-free sales procedures already existed under Article 19 of Decree 100/2020 (not a new development).

WHAT'S NEW · FROM 21 AUGUST 2026

- **Replaces Decree 100/2020 in full:** Issues a new framework; reviews the scope, conditions and purchase quantity limits for duty-free goods.
- **Revised customs procedures:** inspection and supervision of duty-free goods, including online sales procedures (Article 14).

Sanctions for administrative violations in land: added principles and remedial measures

PREVIOUSLY

Under Decree 123/2024:

- No principle yet for sanctioning spouses who jointly hold land use rights.
- The list of remedial measures did not yet include restoring the original condition, redoing procedures, or surrendering forged documents used.
- Penalty for failing to register changes: VND 2–3 million (this level remains unchanged).

WHAT'S NEW · FROM 31 AUGUST 2026

- **Treated as a single individual:** Where a husband and wife jointly hold land use rights, they are sanctioned as a single individual.
- **Mandatory restoration of original condition:** Adds remedial measures: mandatory restoration of the original condition, mandatory redoing of land procedures, mandatory surrender of forged documents used.
- **Exclusion cases:** Clarifies the scope of failing to register land changes: excludes cases of receiving land use rights to implement a project via agreement (Article 127 of the Land Law).

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